

MODEL PAPER PHYSICS CLASS 9

NOTE: Attempt all questions from Section A by filling the corresponding bubble on the MCQs RESPONSE SHEET. It is mandatory to return the attempted MCQs sheet to the Superintendent within given time.

SECTION -A

Time: 20 Minutes

Marks: 12

- The number of significant digits in 0.0096800 is
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
 - 5
- Car is moving along the straight road with velocity 10 m/s, after 4s its velocity becomes 30 m/s, the acceleration of car is:
 - 5 m/s²
 - 10 m/s²
 - 80 m/s²
 - 160 m/s²
- The centripetal acceleration of body of mass 1.5 kg moving with velocity 3 m/s in circle of radius 3 m is:
 - 6 m/s²
 - 4 m/s²
 - 3 m/s²
 - 0.5 m/s²
- The unit of coefficient of friction is:
 - m/s
 - m/s²
 - N-m
 - Unit less quantity
- The second condition of Equilibrium is:
 - $\sum T=0$
 - $\sum F=0$
 - $\sum P =0$
 - $\sum W=0$
- The angle between rectangular components of force is:
 - 30°
 - 45°
 - 60°
 - 90°

7. Which of the following quantity will change when a body moves from sea level to mountain?
 - a. Mass
 - b. Volume
 - c. Weight
 - d. Density
8. A boy of mass 45 kg runs up on stairs of height 4m in 5sec, the power in boy ($g=10\text{m/s}^2$) is:
 - a. 450 watts
 - b. 360 watts
 - c. 36 watts
 - d. 24.5 watts
9. The energy due to motion of body is:
 - a. Kinetic energy
 - b. Potential energy
 - c. Chemical energy
 - d. Thermal energy
10. The hydraulic brakes of heavy vehicles operate on:
 - a. Archimedes Principle
 - b. Pascal's principle
 - c. Work energy principle
 - d. Principle of moment arm
11. The temperature of human body is 37°C , the same temperature in Fahrenheit will be:
 - a. 96.6°F
 - b. 97.6°F
 - c. 98.6°F
 - d. 99.6°F
12. The transfer of heat from the sun to earth is due to:
 - a. Radiation
 - b. Convection
 - c. Conduction
 - d. Absorption

SECTION –B

Time: 2 Hours 40 Minutes

Marks: 32

1. Briefly attempt any Eight of following short questions, each carry 4 marks

- i. Describe **Four** crucial roles of Physics in daily life.
- ii. Differentiate scalars and vectors with suitable examples.
- iii. Define momentum along with its mathematical form and unit. Also write at least **Two** factors on which it depends.
- iv. Define friction and write at least **Three** methods to reduce friction.
- v. Calculate the mass of earth by using Newton's law of gravitation.
- vi. Define heat and temperature. Write at least two differences between heat and temperatures.
- vii. Derive K. $E = \frac{1}{2} mv^2$
- viii. Define power along with its mathematical form and unit.
- ix. State Pascal 's Law and also write **Three** applications in daily life.
- x. Define pressure. Show that liquid pressure $P = \rho g h$
- xi. Define transfer of heat by convection, and give three examples from daily life.

SECTION –C

Marks: 21

NOTE: Attempt any THREE of the following questions, each carry 7 marks

2. i. State Newton's second law of motion. 2+3+2
ii. Prove that time rate of linear momentum is equal to net force acting on body.
iii. The momentum of bullet fired from gun is 0.732 ns and velocity is 62 m/s.
Find the mass of bullet.
3. i. Define and explain turning effect of force by relating it to everyday life. 4+3
ii. The force applied to open door is 12 N at 30° . Find the horizontal and vertical components of force.
4. i. Define work and its units. 4+3
ii. A Girl is pulling trolley school bag by applying a force of 15 N at 45° and covers a distance of 100 m. Calculate the work done.
5. i. Describe the thermal expansion of solid. 4+3
ii. Explain why evaporation causes cooling?